

Calibration and Quality Assurance Certificate

Date: November 8, 2010

Model: HydroRad-ES1 / Series 300 Serial Number: HR061151

Instrument Specifications

Channel AEd		Channel B—NA		
Spectrometer: Grating: Lens: Slit: Filter: Pixel Resolution: Collector: External fiber:	S2000 600 lines @ 400nm L2 50 micron Second order <0.4 nm Irradiance, air-optimized none	Spectrometer: Grating: Lens: Slit: Filter: Pixel Resolution: Collector: External fiber:		
Channel C—NA			Channel D—NA	
Spectrometer: Grating: Lens: Slit: Filter: Pixel Resolution: Collector: External fiber:		Spectrometer: Grating: Lens: Slit: Filter: Pixel Resolution: Collector: External fiber:		
Calibration Type:	Comprehensive		Last Cal:	February, 2007
Technician:	DRD			
Notes: §	Service included internal inspection and main	ntenance of shutter.		

Calibration and Quality Assurance Statement

HOBI Labs certifies that this instrument was carefully calibrated and thoroughly tested for scientific accuracy and proper operating condition at our factory calibration facility. The radiometric calibration is performed with a NIST traceable light source using scientifically accepted methods. Wavelength calibration is performed using a Mercury-Argon light source. Nonlinear responses are measured over the entire dynamic range of each spectrometer and corrected for. Dark signal is measured over the entire operating temperature range and integration times for automatic dark signal corrections. Immersion correction is measured in a wet tank for irradiance collectors. Radiometric calibration is tested against the calibrated light source as well as in sunlight against a second, calibrated, known spectrometer for consistency and repeatability.

Calibration and Quality Control Results

A synopsis of the calibration and quality control tests of each spectrometer channel are shown graphically below. A brief description for interpreting these graphs follows. Please contract HOBI Labs for additional information.

Graph Title: Wavelengths

Description: The channel is illuminated with a Mercury-Argon light source, which emits narrow peaks

at known wavelengths. The peaks in the measured spectrum are correlated with the known wavelengths and a second-order polynomial fit is calculated to translate pixel

number (from 1 to 2048) into wavelength (in nm).

Graph Title: Integration Time Intercept and Nonlinearity Correction

Description: Under stable illumination, the integration time is varied over a wide range of values, with

dark exposures taken at each time as well. The plot on the left shows output versus integration time. When extrapolated, these lines should intercept zero signal at zero integration time. Any offset is measured by this process and accounted for in subsequent calibration steps. The plot on the right shows deviation from a linear relationship between signal and integrated illumination over the entire dynamic range. Deviations are measured and fit with an additive correction function (ACF). The ACF is added to future

raw signals to compensate for this nonlinearity.

Graph Title: Radiometric Calibration and Saturation Limit

Description: The light collector is illuminated with a NIST-traceable irradiance standard, in a carefully

controlled setup. The known irradiance or radiance is divided by the spectrometer's response, after compensating for dark offsets, integration time, and nonlinearity. The left axis of the plot is the resulting calibration factor. The right axis shows the maximum

measurable signal.

Graph Title: Comparison to Calibrated Source

Description: After the full calibration is completed, it is verified by applying it to measurements of the

same standard used for the radiometric calibration.

Graph Title: Example Calibrated Data

Description: The fully calibrated system is used to measure the natural spectrum outdoors, to verify

that it functions properly under non-laboratory conditions, and with the complex solar

spectrum.

Graph Title: Immersion Factor

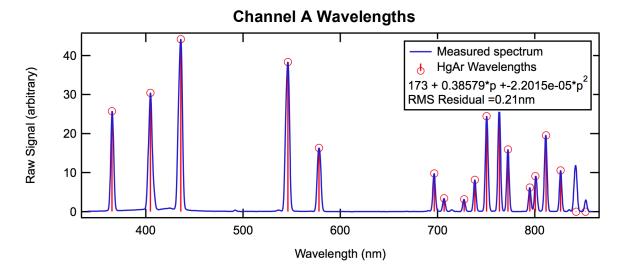
Description: For irradiance collectors, the immersion factor is measured by illuminating it with a

stable source while immersing it to a known depth. Various geometric factors and the

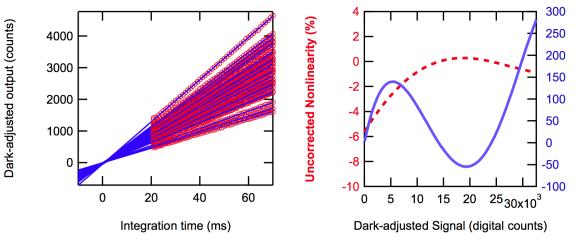
attenuation of the water are also accounted for.

Instrument: HR061151, HydroRad-ES1 series 300

Channel A: "Ed" (Irradiance, W/m²/nm)



Channel A Integration Time Intercept and Nonlinearity Correction



Additive Correction Function

Channel A Radiometric Calibration and Saturation Limit ((tunoo wu zww)/sw // o.01 9 8 7 6 5 4 400 500 600 700 800

Wavelength (nm)

